

Workingmen and Women Too, Gladly Read the Want Ads. Through

NEW STRUCTURE AS A MAN KILLER.

TWO MEN MORTALLY HURT IN
THE FULLERTON BUILDING.
ONE FELL FROM SIXTH FLOOR.

Wheelbarrow of Tiling Fell on the
Head of Another and Crushed
His Skull.

The new Fullerton building at the corner
of Pine and Seventh, which has only lifted
its steel frame five stories, promises to be-
come a monument to dead men's bones.
Gen. Fullerton's tragic death in a rail-
way accident was a remote result of his
enterprise in having the building erected.
It seems also to have been a forerunner of
other fatalities.

There were two shocking accidents in the
building Saturday morning. In each case a
man was mortally hurt.

At 10 o'clock Martin Maher of 2600 Frank-
lin avenue, a laborer, was working in the
cellar of the building, when a wheelbarrow
loaded with tiling fell from the first floor,
twenty feet above.

It struck him on the head. His skull
was fractured. While Dr. Newcomb was
dressing the wound at the Dispensary,
Maher lapsed into unconsciousness and
was revived with difficulty.

He was sent to the City Hospital. Dr.
Sutter said there was no hope of his re-
covery. He is married and about 40 years
old. He was a steady workman, sober and
industrious.

The man who dumped the tiles declared
that he missed his footing and the barrow-
load went over the wrong way. Of course,
the chances were 50 to 50 that the tiles would
not be directly under the rain of tiles, but he
caught the hundredth chance.

While the unconscious man was being car-
ried to the hospital and people were stand-
ing about discussing the casualty, a work-
man was suddenly seen to plunge down
through the net-work of steel, and a cry
of horror broke out.

A man had fallen from the topmost girder
of the steel cage and shot down into the
cellar below—a fall of nearly 100 feet.
The figure fell clear, striking nowhere
until it reached the bottom, where it picked
up it was found to be the senseless form of
Martin Carlson, a steel worker. He was an
experienced workman on steel girders.

He was adjusting a girder which was to
form part of the sixth floor, and had a
very slender support. He was alive when
taken from the cellar and placed in the am-
bulance, but nobody had any hope of his
recovery.

Carlson is a stranger in this city. He
came here a few weeks ago from Chicago,
and got a job on the Fullerton Building.
Nobody seemed to know where he lived.
He was a good worker and steady, but
had been known to say that he was not
"sure footed."

This last accident following so quickly
upon the heels of the first, caused some-
thing of a panic among the workmen. Hat
the police kept out the crowd, and in a few
moments the men were back at work. There
was some complaint that the steel
contractors do not erect more staging in
skeleton frame as it goes up, in order that
the men might have a better and safer
footing.

VETOED BY VEST.

Bill Smith Will Not Be Postmaster at
Sweet Springs, Though Urged
by Tracy.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1.—Senator
George G. Vest and ex-Congressman John
Plank Tracy of the famous Tomahawk Dis-
trict have looked horns over the appoint-
ment of a postmaster at Sweet Springs, and
the Senator has won first blood. Under the
rules of senatorial courtesy the President
never names as postmaster at a place the
home of a minority Senator or one
objectable to him. Early in March the
Senate the nomination of William Smith to
be postmaster at Sweet Springs was recom-
mended by Tracy. Senator Vest notified
the Postoffice Department that Smith
was personally objectionable to him, and
asked that his nomination be withdrawn.
The President then notified of Sena-
tor Vest's opposition and he asked Mr.
Tracy to submit the name of another candi-
date. This Tracy refused to do, saying
he was not for Smith or for any other
man for a time. Then Smith, who is a store-
keeper at Sweet Springs and wanted to
draw the \$1,200 a year salary that goes with
the office, started petitions in circulation.
Of the 275 voters at Sweet Springs all but
sixteen signed a petition recommending him
for the place. But Senator Vest stood pat.
The nomination will be withdrawn, but
that's why Bill Smith will not hand Sena-
tor Vest his mail when the latter returns
to Sweet Springs after Congress adjourns.

THEOSOPHIST SPLIT.

Henry B. Faulke Offered the Presi-
dency by One Faction.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BUZZARD'S BAY, May 1.—Henry B.
Faulke has been offered the presidency of
the Theosophical Society in America by
Countess Di Branza, Dr. Oberlin and other
dissatisfied theosophists from New York.
Faulke refused it unless they would change
their policy radically. He says they have
departed from the faith. Their reply is ex-
pected to be favorable and a bad split in the
society will probably follow.

DINGLEY TARIFF BILL.

Present Status as to Wool, Sugar,
Hides and Reciprocity.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, May 1.—It is stated in a
Washington dispatch that few alterations
have been made in the Dingley bill. The
wool schedule contains many of these. It
has been completed by the sub-committee.
The schedule is as follows:
On first-class wools, such as are used for
clothing, 1 cent a pound; on carpet wools,
coarse grades, 1 cent a pound. The Dingley

MAS. HARLOW TIRED OF HIS JOB.

SO HE ASPIRES TO BE POSTMAS-
TER OF ST. LOUIS.

BUT, ALAS, HE IS A MUGWUMP.

Still, the Suggestion Appeals to the
President as, "a Good
Thing."

HUNDREDS PERISH.

A Week of Earthquakes, Together
With a Tidal Wave, in the
Leeward Islands.

NEW YORK, May 1.—A dispatch to the
Herald from Kingston, Jamaica, says that
news has been received of an awful series
of earthquakes throughout the chain of
Leeward Islands, causing the loss of hun-
dreds of lives. All the islands in the group
are said to have been affected. Owing to
the imperfect means of communication be-
tween the islands, it is impossible to esti-
mate the loss of life definitely.

Many buildings collapsed during the most
serious shock, which occurred yesterday
morning and lasted forty seconds. The
damage to property will probably prove to
be very large.

Montserrat, one of the smaller islands
of the group, has been the worst sufferer.
The residents, after a week of terror, are
abandoning their homes and seeking means
of communication with the mainland and
the neighboring islands.

The seismic disturbances began a week
ago to-day with a slight tremble of the
earth's surface which lasted only a few
seconds and which was hardly noticed. This
was followed at frequent intervals by
shocks, each of which lasted longer than
the last and was more intense, until yester-
day, when there was a great roar and the
ground shook for fully forty seconds.

Houses fell in and their occupants were
buried in the ruins.
Reports from the other islands are very
unsatisfactory as to details. It is known
here that Antigua, the principal island of
the group, and Guadeloupe have suffered
severely, but the extent of the loss of life
and property is not yet known.

Accompanying the earthquake was a tidal
wave, which, it is reported here, wrecked
many small craft. The sea rose to a
great height and caused incalculable damage.
Several well built vessels are reported to
have been wrecked.

MRS. LEASE MORALIZES.

Oklahoma Being Punished for Sins of
White Men.

TOPEKA, Kan., May 1.—Mrs. Mary
Lease, in an interview here, discussing the
recent disasters in Oklahoma and the politi-
cal and social history of the territory, said:

"The people of El Reno who prayed daily
for rain ought to have been building an
ark. I believe in prayer, but what mockery
such a prayer is in Oklahoma.
"The curse of the Almighty rests upon
the land. That was the last spot of ground
left for the Indians. They had been driven
there from every quarter of the continent.
But the greed of the white man prompted
him to possess it for his own use, and the
Indian was forced to go. Then God frowned
on the territory."

"Look at the crime that has been com-
mitted in Oklahoma; look at the drought; look
at the disaster at Chandler; look at the
deluge at Guthrie, El Reno and elsewhere.
Do you doubt that the hand of Jehovah is
in these things? If he had been pleased
away their homes with an angry flood when
they asked for a shower to save their
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THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING FEAST.

MICHAEL CHARTRAND AND WIFE
MARRIED HALF A CENTURY.

AN ELABORATE CELEBRATION.

The Chartrand and Guion Families
Among the First of Caron-
delet's Pioneers.

Fifty years ago Michael Chartrand and
Amelie Guion were married. The an-
niversary was celebrated Friday night with
an elaborate golden jubilee.

At that wedding, half a century ago,
Michael was a youth of 17 years, Amelie
was a sprightly miss one year the junior
of her young husband, Mr. and Mrs. Char-
trand are now in Carondelet, which at that
time existed under a government
separate from that of St. Louis.

At one time Mrs. Chartrand's grandfather
had a large farm, the residence building of
which was located near the present site of
the old and dismantled Sacred Heart Con-
vent. At that time neither St. Louis nor
Carondelet were very large cities. To the
Chartrands belongs the distinction of hav-
ing built the first brick house in Carondelet.
In that early day brick houses were
rare, and the Chartrand mansion was the
talk of the entire population. The bricks
with which the house was built were
brought to St. Louis on a flatboat.

When Michael Chartrand and Amelie
Guion were married the town hall in
Carondelet was utilized as a place for hold-
ing the reception. The guests were so nu-
merous that they could not be accommo-
dated in an ordinary dwelling house. The
wedding ceremony was solemnized in
one of the Catholic churches, after which
the feast at the hall was proceeded with.
It is a matter of Carondelet early history
that a more brilliant social function has
never been recorded up to that time. Guests
came by the score and the merry-making
never ended. It was a happy wedding
then. It was a happy golden wedding Fri-
day night.

Mr. and Mrs. Chartrand reared nine chil-
dren, all of whom are living except one.
There are fifteen grand-children and three
great-grandchildren. All of these were
present at the golden jubilee. The children
were Mrs. A. F. Perle, Mrs. G.
Arrowood, Mark R. Sierling, Price, Syl-
van, Robert and Mervin Kille and Etie-
van. The grandchildren were the most beau-
tiful brunettes in the entire city of St.
Louis. All of the children, except the ex-
ception of Mrs. Perle, reside in St. Louis.

Michael Chartrand has been honored with
the early mayors of Carondelet and serv-
ed as a member of the House of Repre-
sentatives in the State Legislature.

Age fails lightly upon Mr. and Mrs. Char-
trand. At the golden jubilee there were three
dozen years back in the days when the
town was starting, and property was more
plentiful than people.

The golden jubilee was limited to the chil-
dren, grand-children and great-grand-

children, for the reason that with such a
large family the Chartrands possess, it would
be an utter impossibility to include all
within the list of invitatory guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Chartrand now reside at
210 Chestnut street.

THE TIME O' DAY.
Belgium Will Tell It on the 1 to 24
O'clock Plan.

BRUSSELS, May 1.—In accordance with
a decision of the Government, commencing
at midnight last night, all official time-
keeping throughout Belgium will hereafter
be done on the 1-to-24 o'clock principle. For
weeks past, in the railway stations, post-
offices and government buildings through-
out the country, men have been at work
repainting the faces of the clocks, and the
dials now bear within the old circle of
Roman figures another formed of Arabic
numerals from 1 to 24. This will assist
novices in translating the afternoon and
evening hours into the terms of the new
system. It may be added that the innova-
tion is not generally popular.

TALKS THROUGH HIS HAT.
Some Amusing Suggestions Made by
John P. Hopkins.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Former Mayor John
P. Hopkins of Chicago, a former Palmer-
Buckner bolter, is amusing. He has been
interviewed here and gravely declared that
he is not pleased with the political situation
in the party. He says if active work is not
begun at once the silver men will soon con-
trol the party, forgetting that they are the
only Democrats in the country. Personally
Mr. Hopkins says that he would like to see
Henry Watterson of Kentucky the next
candidate.

HELD AT ST. CHARLES.
A Man Who Is Charged With Shoving
Counterfeits.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ST. CHARLES, Mo., May 1.—A man giv-
ing his name as Al Toomey was arrested
late last night, charged with passing coun-
terfeit money. He was arraigned this morn-
ing in the police court charged with dis-
turbance of the peace and was held under sen-
tence. The Marshal notified United States
Marshal Lynch this morning and he is ex-
pected to come to-day.

SHORT STAY FOR DUNLOP.
Granted Four Days to Arrange His
Business Affairs.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

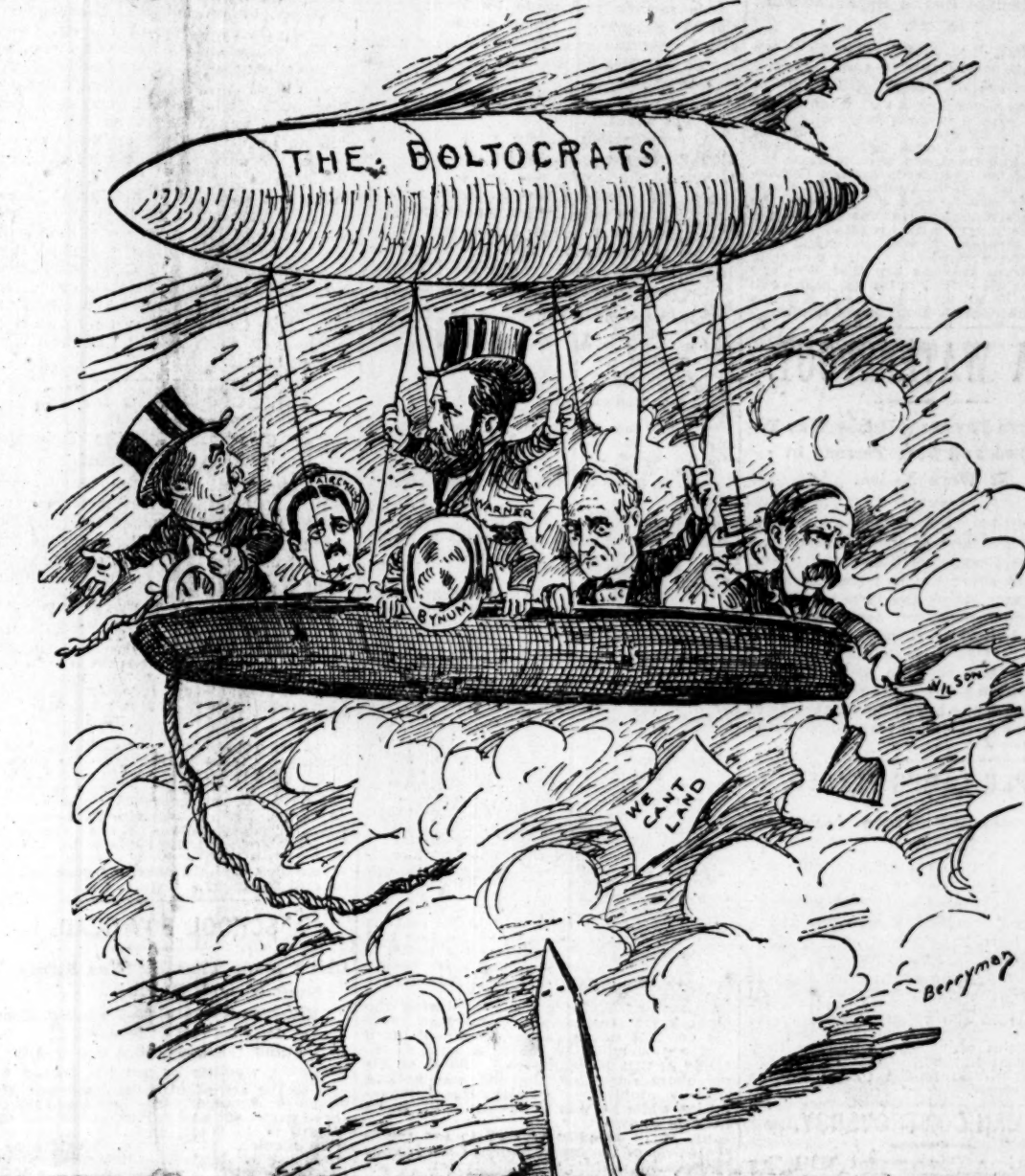
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1.—The Presi-
dent to-day ordered the suspension for
four days of the mandate sentencing Joseph
Dunlop, proprietor of the Chicago Dis-
patch, to two years in the penitentiary for
sending obscene matter through the mails.
Mr. Dunlop made a personal appeal to the
President for this length of time in which
to arrange his business affairs before going
to serve his term in Joliet.

BURIAL PERMITS.
The following deaths have been re-
ported in the city during the twenty-four
hours ending at noon:

QUENTIN ARRET, 58, 825 Bremen; gastritis.
JAMES M'HALE, 11, 4033 Moffitt; acci-
dent.

CONTINUED ON PAGE SEVEN.

THE BOLTOCRATS



"The Task Is Not an Easy One, but Surely It Is Not Hopeless."—G. CLEVELAND.
—From the Washington Post.

WOULD RUN CARS ON MANY STREETS.

MYSTERIOUS GENERAL ELEC-
TRIC TRACTION CO.'S REQUEST.

THE BACKERS ARE UNKNOWN.

Delegate Hartmann Says They Are Lo-
cal Capitalists Not Interested
in Existing Lines.

Promoter Eugene Sweeney is not the only
man who wants the whole city. Delegate
Hartmann of the Ninth Ward introduced in
the House of Delegates Friday night a bill
for an ordinance granting to the "General
Electric Traction Co." a franchise for a
street car system extending from the heart
of the city in all directions to the city limits.
A down town loop will cover Third,
Chestnut, Twelfth and Pine streets.

A branch starts at Twelfth and Pine
streets, runs west to Theresa and thence
over Forest Park boulevard, Duncan,
Boyle and Clayton avenues to the city limits.

From Twenty-first and Pine streets a
branch runs to the southwestern limits,
via Twenty-first, private property, Hickory,
Ohio, Wyoming, Morgan Ford road and
Gravois avenue.

The third branch starts at Ohio and Shen-
andoah and runs to McCausland road.
The fourth runs from Nebraska and Sidney
to Kansas and Grand.

The fifth starts at Twenty-first and Pine
and runs to Columbia Bottom road and the
city limits.

The sixth runs from Pine and Compton to
Wabasha and the limits.

The last one extends from Morgan Ford
and Wyoming to Boyle and Clayton avenues.
Transfers are to be given from one line
to another.

The company promises to pay the city
\$250,000 in annual installments of \$5,000.
Mr. Hartmann was asked Saturday
whether the General Electric Traction Co.
He said:

"I am not at liberty to say just yet, but
they are all St. Louis capitalists and most
of them live in South St. Louis."

"Are they now interested in street rail-
ways?"

"Not one of them. They are all new peo-
ple. The bill was introduced in good faith
and if the franchise is granted the com-
pany will build the road."

THE WEATHER FORECAST.

FAIR AND WARMER.

St. Louis and vicinity—Fair and warmer Sat-
urday night and Sunday.

Missouri—Fair Saturday night and Sunday;
warmer Sunday.

Illinois—Fair Saturday night and Sunday;
warmer in northern portion Saturday night;
warmer Sunday.

POST-DISPATCH THERMOMETER.

7 a. m. 64 11 a. m. 72
8 a. m. 66 12 m. 74
9 a. m. 68 1 p. m. 76
10 a. m. 70 2 p. m. 78

CONTINUED ON PAGE SEVEN.

THE POWERS MAY INTERVENE.

AN UNDERSTANDING SAID TO
HAVE BEEN REACHED.

A FIGHT NEAR PHARSALA.

Turkish Cavalry Were in the Greeks'
Rear, but Were Defeated
and Pursued.

PARIS, May 1.—All the Powers, including
Germany and Austria, have agreed that the
moment is opportune to intervene between
Greece and Turkey. They are now discuss-
ing the conditions of such intervention and
appear about to reach an understanding.

FIGHT AT VELESTINO.

Hundreds of Turks Moved Down by
the Guns of the Greeks.

ATHENS, May 1.—Dispatches just re-
ceived from Pharsala, headquarters of the
Greek army in Thessaly, give further
particulars of the recent fighting between
the Turks and Greeks at Velestino, ten
miles west of Volos, at the junction of the
railroad connecting Volos with Larissa and
Pharsala. The Turkish attacking force at
Velestino consisted of 8,000 infantry, 800
cavalry and thirteen guns. The charges of
the Turkish cavalry were firmly withstood
by the Evzones posted on Karantasi Hill.
An entire Turkish regiment was decimated.
Four Turkish squadrons which attempted
to charge were received with a combined
rifle and shrapnel fire, which mowed down
several hundred.

The Greek irregulars co-operated with the
regular troops of Greece. Fifty Greeks
were killed and a Major and five subalterns
were wounded.

A detachment of Turkish cavalry from
Larissa approached the railway between
Pharsala and Demetrias, which town is
about ten miles south of Pharsala and in
the Greek rear. The Greek artillery opened
fire upon the enemy's cavalry at long range
and after a heavy cannonading forced the
Turks to retire, the Greek cavalry pursuing
them. The Turkish commander apparently
wished to surprise the Greeks at Pharsala
and sent two army corps against them, one
from Trikala and the other from Larissa.
It is rumored here that Col. Vassos is
about to be recalled from the island of
Crete.

LONDON, May 1.—It is semi-officially an-
nounced that the Marquis of Salisbury has
proposed to the powers that a conference
be held soon in Paris to discuss measures
with a view to ending the war between
Turkey and Greece. The powers, it is
further said, are discussing the proposal,
but its acceptance is regarded as doubtful.

A dispatch to the Evening News from
Athens says that M. Theodorides, Greek
Minister of the Interior yesterday evening
and left the Greek Capital after being
the Minister for War, Col. Tsamados, for
Pharsala, the headquarters of the Greek
army, whence it is reported that the Greek
troops have successfully repulsed a heavy
attack of the Turks.

PARIS, May 1.—A dispatch from Sofia,
Bulgaria, to the Gaulois alleges that M.
Ralli, the Greek Premier, has semi-officially
intimated that Greece will gratefully ac-
cept the mediation of the powers and that
Turkey has signified that she will be satis-
fied with the payment of a war indemnity
guaranteed by the temporary surrender of
the Greek fleet.

The Gaulois adds: "The Sultan, conscious
of his strength in consequence of the suc-
cesses of the Turkish forces in Thessaly,
is resolved to claim sovereignty over Egypt
or obtain more effective recognition there-
of."

ATHENS, May 1.—A dispatch from Santa
Maura, capital of the island of that name
off the west coast of Greece, announces that
the Greek gunboat flotilla in the gulf of
Arta has bombarded the Turkish coast near
Nicopolis and Santa Petras. The Turks
fled.

ATHENS, May 1.—The Turks are prepar-
ing to besiege Arta.

LONDON, May 1.—A special dispatch from
Athens says that M. Ralli, the new Greek
Prime Minister, has announced his inten-
tion of calling to arms every able-bodied
man in Greece.

CANDIA, Island of Crete, May 1.—The
Italian and British admirals have arrived
here to confer with the insurgent leaders.

Occupation of Trikala.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 1.—The Turk-
ish

TO RAISE THE LEVEE BANKS.

**WILL BE MADE FOUR FEET HIGH-
ER NEAR NEW ORLEANS.**

LEVEE CUT NEAR KEOKUK.

From Chickasaw Bluffs Dry Land Can
Be Seen, at Last, in
Arkansas.

The following changes in the rivers (in feet and inches) have occurred:

River—At St. Louis, 67.
Fallen—Arkansas, 62; Arkansas City, 61;
Keokuk, 101; Memphis, 61.

Above the danger line and rising—At St. Louis, 68.
Above the danger line and falling—At Helena, Ark., 84; Arkansas City, 62; Memphis, 68.

Stationary—New Orleans, 22; Vicksburg, 10.8.

The following heavy precipitation (in inches) was reported: Jupiter, 4.24; Charlotte, 1.06; Allendale, S. C., 1.84; Athens, Ga., 1.82; Washington, Ga., 2.31; Columbia, S. C., 1.75; Florence, S. C., 1.42; Goldsboro, N. C., 2.02; Lumberton, N. C., 1.38.

The river at St. Louis will remain nearly stationary for the next two days, with possibly a rise of one or two inches on Sunday morning. It will commence to fall on Monday.

The Missouri and Upper Mississippi will fall steadily, except at Alton, where the fall will not commence until Sunday.

NEW ORLEANS, La., May 1.—The river continues to rise slowly, and last midnight it was 19.5 feet above low water and higher than it ever has been. The people have made up their minds that there is serious work ahead, discussions have been abandoned and the days are spent in preparing for the great battle. In many places the banks will be raised four feet.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 1.—For the first time in a period of nearly fifteen days dry land is visible to the naked eye looking west from Chickasaw Bluffs in the sister State of Arkansas. A fall of seven-tenths is recorded by the gauge at this point this morning. This is the heaviest reported since the decline set in. Several hundred refugees were seen today on steamers direct to plantations north of Memphis.

KEOKUK, Ia., May 1.—The cross levee at the south end of the Hunt Drainage District has been cut to permit an outlet and prevent the water getting deeper in the flood-stricken territory. There is no hope of closing the break below Warsaw until the water recedes.

RIVER STILL RISING.

Stage of 31 Feet Will Be Reached.
Then It Will Fall.

The gauge at St. Louis marked 20.5 feet at noon Saturday. This is a rise of 2.2 since 9 a. m. The river will probably touch the thirty-one foot mark before midnight, but Observer Frankenstein says it will not go any higher on this rise.

For two days it will remain about stationary, and then if there is not a heavy rain it will commence to fall. The water coming out of the Osage is what will keep the water at its present limit. The Mississippi is falling fast above Keokuk, and the Missouri is at a stand.

There is no hope of light for at least two days, so Mr. Frankenstein says. There is a low barometer in the Northwest, which means warmer weather.

The extreme high water has not done much damage because of the general warning given. All the basements along the river street are flooded with sewage, and in North St. Louis the water has encroached on the lumber yards.

The water is over the Wabash tracks at the foot of Locust avenue, and it does not interfere with the running of trains.

The gauge at Alton now stands seven inches higher than it did during the highest water two weeks ago. Not much more of a rise is looked for above Keokuk, but the back water from the Missouri, which is booming, will, in all probability, bring a further rise of one foot, which will do great damage on the lowlands. The railroad embankments are holding out remarkably well, and a slight rise will cover its tracks above Alton at several places.

TRAVELING MEN MEET.

Amendments Considered and Arrangements for the National Convention.

The convention of the Missouri Division, T. P. A., to select delegates and alternates to the national convention at Nashville, Tenn., next June, met Friday morning in the Union Trust building. President J. C. Harvey presided and John H. Allen acted as secretary.

National Secretary L. T. LeBeau delivered an address on "The Good and Bad of the Order."

After the appointment of regular committee the morning session of the convention was devoted to the report of the Missouri Division. It is said the committee recommended a decrease of the representation at State conventions from three to two delegates for each twenty-five members, or fraction thereof to one delegate for each fifty members.

REMARKABLE REUNION.

Husband and Wife Separated at Johnston, Tenn. Find Each Other.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, May 1.—A remarkable reunion of husband and wife after eight years of involuntary separation has occurred in Roanoke, Va., according to dispatches from there. At the time of the Johnston flood in May, 1888, John T. Sharkey and his wife had resided in that city about a month. The terrible struggle for life they became separated and each supposing the other dead, they drifted away from each other. She had worked in Pennsylvania, arrived in the same section about three weeks ago. She had come to Roanoke to do some shopping and met her husband in the street. Neither had married and both have saved considerable money.

TRAINS RUNNING AGAIN.

For the First Time Since the Flood in Oklahoma.

OKLAHOMA CITY, O. T., May 1.—The first Santa Fe train from the north since Tuesday's flood came in this morning, having three of local mail. But the Choctaw and Santa Fe roads are now open for business and running on time.

A KANSAS TRAGEDY.

Insane Woman and Family Run Over and Two Children Killed.

SCANDIA, Kan., May 1.—Mrs. Mary Peterson and four children of this place were run down by a Rock Island passenger train. Two children were killed, the legs of a third were cut off and the woman's arm was broken. She was taken to the hospital and was feeling from home at the time.

SLY SPAIN.

An Attempt to Borrow More Money Is Behind the Promulgation of Reforms.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Sen. Weyler has received orders by cable from Spain, says a dispatch to the Sun from Havana, to go slowly with the introduction of the reforms, but to promise that they will be executed even more liberally than the words of the decree indicate. The general opinion in Havana is that the promulgation of the reforms is only a prelude to trying again, in France and England, to negotiate a new loan. The scheme is to impress upon the money lenders that the island is pacified.

GOMEZ IN PINAR DEL RIO.

Havana Excited Over a Report to That Effect.

KEY WEST, Fla., May 1.—Havana is excited over the report that Maximo Gomez is in the province of Pinar del Rio. It is rumored that several days ago, when Maximo Gomez, with a large number of Cuban forces, passed to Pinar del Rio Province, Gen. Gomez and his staff were in the town, and Gomez was seen by the Spaniards around Guanabacoa, making a false attack on the town, and Castillo was sent to report to the Spanish Government at Havana that he was in the town. With this strategy it was intended that Gomez should pass without being molested. Advice from Havana is that Gomez's reception on his return there has been cool, as it is felt by all loyal Spaniards that his campaign has been a humiliating failure.

BY A WATERSPOUT.

A Tennessee Farmer's House Was Demolished and Five Persons in It Were Killed.

MONTICELLO, Ky., May 1.—A wagon driver who has arrived here, brings news of a terrible disaster on White Oak Creek, in Tennessee, several miles from this town. A waterspout struck the farm house of a farmer named Brander, demolishing the house, and killing the farmer, his wife and one child. Two farm hands who were sleeping upstairs were badly mangled that they died in a few hours after the onset of water struck the house. No further damage was done in the neighborhood so far as the teamster had learned.

SAMPLE LAMPS PLACED.

Eight Streets Will Have Additional Lighting.

Supervisor of City Lighting O'Reilly and General Manager of the Laclede Gas Co., decided in a conference held Saturday to place sample Welsbach gas lamps at the following locations:

Fourteen, west of Belmont; Grand, south of Lindell; Easton, west of Leffingwell; Windsor, west of Grand; Seventeenth, north of Grand; Eighteenth, north of Market, and Lafayette avenue, in the vicinity of Lafayette Park.

The localities are selected because they are at first intended to confine the test to one street.

GERMAN CONTROVERSY.

The American Government Will Try to Prevent Some Hardships.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Much interest and little indignation has been caused here by news from Washington that Germany is apparently preparing for another controversy with the United States, having issued a decree that German-Americans who are "directed" to pay attention to American citizens of the United States, and to the merits of the case in question, even though it should not appear that the party concerned is a German.

MAY CONSOLIDATE.

The Two Societies of Sons of the Revolution.

CLEVELAND, O., May 1.—At the meeting yesterday afternoon of the National Congress of Sons of the American Revolution a committee consisting of James M. Gurnea, of Ohio, Hon. E. J. Hill of Connecticut, Samuel E. Gross of Illinois, Geo. H. Shields of Missouri, and Nathan Warner of New York, were appointed to confer with a similar committee of the Sons of the Revolution relative to the consolidation of the two organizations, if they agree upon a scheme of union, the congress will meet in Cincinnati, Oct. 17, to consider their report.

Officers were elected as follows: President, Edwin S. Barrett of Massachusetts; Vice-President, General Col. Robert Anderson of California, John White of Connecticut, and General Col. Geo. H. Shields of Missouri; Secretary, General Col. J. C. Breckinridge of Kentucky; Treasurer, General Col. J. C. Breckinridge of Kentucky; Registrar, General Col. J. C. Breckinridge of Kentucky; Chaplain, General Col. J. C. Breckinridge of Kentucky; Historian, General Col. J. C. Breckinridge of Kentucky.

Was Very Nervous.

Had Smothering Spells and Could NOT SLEEP—Doctors Called it Neuritis and Indigestion.

"I had pains in my head, neck and shoulders and all through my body, but they were most severe in my left side. The doctor called it neuritis and indigestion. I was confined to my bed for eight months. I was very nervous, had smothering spells and could not sleep. I read of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla and a case similar to mine. My husband procured a bottle and I began taking it. After taking one bottle I felt better, was able to rest and my appetite improved. I continued until my nervousness was cured and I was much better in every way. My husband has also been benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla." MARY S. STONE, Spainville, Virginia.

Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Is the Best—In fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. 41¢ six for \$2.50.

Hood's Pills—act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

DEEDLETER HAS A MYSTERY.

THOUGHT HE SECURED THE MONEY FOR ANOTHER.

MR. CARLISLE'S THEORY.

Francis J. Rander Succeeded Him in Office and Other Promotions Are Announced.

"If David H. Hays took the money he will be discovered if he was not for his own benefit."

This remark was made by Postmaster Carlisle Saturday morning when he was asked about the ex-acting of the \$15,000 which he is charged with having embezzled.

"What causes you to think so?" Mr. Carlisle was asked.

A conversation I had with him last night," was the reply. "I am led to believe the money was taken, if it was taken, for another's benefit. Mind you, I say, 'if it was taken.' I am placed in a peculiar position. I cannot believe Mr. Hays to be an embezzler, and, on the other hand, I cannot believe that he would have been playing the rascal. No one knows the pool room better than I do. Crothers, once a partner in the famous stallion Pasture, now Postmaster Carlisle's private secretary."

"I never saw Mr. Hays in a pool room in my life," said I. "I am positive, he did not know one horse from another."

Rumors credited Hays with being a heavy loser in Tom Walsh's pool room on the election.

"That is nonsense," said Postmaster Carlisle. "Mr. Hays was a firm believer in McKinley's success, and he certainly would not have bet against his judgment."

"Have you no idea, then, where the money was taken?"

"None whatever," I am completely at a loss. I have heard all these rumors and have been unable to find anything in them, so far as I know."

"Then, Mr. Carlisle, have you any idea where Mr. Hays benefited and for whose sake he is now remaining silent?"

"I have no idea and neither have the inspectors. The examination made in March, and the result in the department, was the first in three years, so the money may have been taken at any date within that period. It may have been taken in a lump or it may have been taken in small sums, and I am unable to say. The inspectors even declare they have no knowledge on this point."

"I am a very quiet person," he was always uncommunicative and he has maintained the same reticence since the charge was made against him. He told his brother he was innocent and he has told all to whom he has talked the same story. "What was the money for?" he asked. "It was an error. It is a mystery to me."

Citizens of Webster say that during the eight years' residence of Mr. Hays there he had never seen a man who was socially ambitious. Of Mr. Hays' movements while he was wintering in St. Louis little is known.

Mr. Hays steadily refused to see representatives of the press, and his friends frequently arrived home late at night. He stated, so they say, that business kept him down town. Mr. Hays resided in the Webster Presbyterian church. Mr. Hays is a lovely and capable man who has the greatest confidence in her husband. "What was the money for?" he asked. "It was an error. It is a mystery to me."

"What's one man's poison, signor, is another's meat or drink."

Postmaster Carlisle Saturday morning announced the promotions he had made in the St. Louis Post Office because of the removal of David Hays from the office. He recommended by Inspector Johnston, and was approved by the postmaster, that Francis J. Rander be promoted from cashier of the post office to chief clerk. His salary has been increased from \$1,700 a year to \$2,600 by his promotion. Mr. Rander is well known in St. Louis. He is a native of St. Louis and has been in the post office since 1880. He is a member of the National Surety Company.

John B. Pratt, foreman of the stamp section, succeeded Mr. Rander as chief clerk. This means an increase in salary from \$1,500 to \$1,700. Mr. Pratt was finance clerk when Mr. Hays was postmaster and so is familiar with the duties of the office.

Mr. Pratt's successor in office is John A. Tatum, who was chief weigher at a salary of \$1,500 a year. Mr. Tatum was finance clerk when Mr. Hays was postmaster and so is familiar with the duties of the office.

INSPECTOR DICE

Will Succeed Inspector Johnston on Monday.

Post-office Inspector George B. Dice, lately assigned to the St. Louis division, will take charge here Monday. Inspector Johnston was so notified Saturday and will have everything in readiness to turn over the office. He cannot assume Mr. Dice's position in New Orleans until after next week, having several post-office cases in the United States District Court, which begins its regular May term on the 31st.

The local office was notified from Washington Saturday of the re-appointment of Col. W. T. Sullivan as post-office inspector and his assignment to this division. His brother, Dennis Sullivan, is also in the service at this point.

GRAU OPERA COMPANY.

New Concern Formed and Incorporated in New York.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 1.—The Maurice Grau Opera Company of New York filed incorporation papers with the Secretary of State today. The capital stock of the company is \$100,000 and the directors are: Edward Lauterbach, Robert Dunlap, Roland Knoedler, Henry Dazian, Charles Frazier, Maurice Grau and B. Franklin De Free of New York city.

Bessie's Trials in a Big City.

Bessie Rice came to the big city from her home in Kewanee, Ill., a few days ago and Saturday applied to the Fourth District Court for assistance. She was penniless and ragged and was sent to Matron Rice at the Court House. There she will be kept until she secures employment.

Steamship Movements.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 1.—Sailed: Belgenland for Liverpool.

AWFUL EXPLOSION.

Dynamite Kills Many Persons and Wrecks Two Blocks of Buildings in San Salvador.

NEW YORK, May 1.—A dispatch to the Herald from Panama says that a correspondent in San Salvador, Salvador, telegraphs that a terrific explosion of dynamite in that city resulted in the destruction of two entire blocks and caused the loss of many lives. The extent of the damage and loss of life is not known here yet and probably will not be until the wreckage is cleared away. The work of rescue is being rapidly pushed, but it is known that there are still many bodies in the ruins. In addition, several persons were killed instantly in the streets and the entire city was shaken by the concussion.

The explosion occurred under peculiar circumstances. Four wagons were being driven on Concepcion street, one of the principal thoroughfares of the city, each loaded with several barrels of dynamite. In some unexplained manner one of the barrels of dynamite exploded with a deafening crash. In an instant every barrel on the wagon had blown up. Then, with an awful roar, the dynamite on the three other wagons, which were near, exploded simultaneously.

The last explosion was followed immediately by the falling of the two blocks and two blocks of buildings opposite on each side of Concepcion street fell away like houses of cards in ruins. Concepcion street at the point of the explosion is completely wrecked. A great hole was blown into the street and the wreckage was blown into splinters. The drivers of all of them were instantly killed.

DR. BERKLEY IS DYING.

Senior Clergyman of the Episcopal Church in Missouri.

Rev. Dr. Edward F. Berkley lies prostrate at his home, 516 Washington avenue. Members of the family and the attending physicians doubt if he will survive the day. General infirmity incident to old age is the cause of Dr. Berkley's critical condition. Until two years ago he was unusually active for one of his advanced age. Since that time he has been failing. The start of his decline was due to a severe cold brought on by exposure in a rain storm. At noon Saturday he was feeling weaker, and it is not believed that recovery is possible.

Dr. Berkley was a resident of St. Louis for forty years. During all of that time he has been prominent in church work. He was senior clergyman of the Episcopal church in the Missouri diocese, and bears the distinction of being the oldest living member of the Missouri Synod of the Lutheran church. Prior to locating in St. Louis he was for many years, while in Lexington, Ky., at that place he induced a number of his parishioners to join the Episcopal church. When Dr. Berkley preached the funeral ceremony.

SCHOOL BOY DEAD.

Claim Made That He Was Struck by His Teacher.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Frederick Gromberger, 14 years old, of New York, La. 1, today and the authorities are seeking to ascertain whether or not his demise was due to the act of his school teacher, Miss Jennie P. Schouler. The boy died three weeks ago and in his delirium said that Miss Schouler had struck him on the head with a ruler. The boy's mother, Mrs. Schouler, has been struck in the head by a blow having been struck. It was denied by Miss Schouler and none of the other teachers of the school. Miss Schouler is under bond pending an investigation by the coroner.

A MISER'S SUICIDE.

Robert Clogston, Said to Have Been a Russian Nobleman.

EUREKA, Kan., May 1.—Robert Clogston, said to have been a banished Russian nobleman, committed suicide here today. He was an eccentric old miser and had lived alone in a hut here for twenty years. During that time he has never been known to leave his home for more than a few hours at a time.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Meeting Called at Troy to Arrange for the Reunion.

TROY, N. Y., May 1.—A meeting of citizens has been called for next Saturday evening to make suitable arrangements for the reunion of the Army of the Potomac, which will be held in Troy, Aug. 29 and 30. President McKinley and Secretary of War Alger will attend the reunion.

Receivers Appointed.

BOSTON, Mass., May 1.—Edward S. Tabor, Thomas B. Tripp and Morgan Rottel, have been appointed receivers of the Rottel Spinning Corporation, a New Bedford manufacturing Co., all of New Bedford, as the result of a suit filed in the Federal Circuit Court in the United States Circuit Court.

Gov. Leedy Warned.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., May 1.—To an audience of 50 persons Judge Walter L. Simons delivered a warning to Gov. Leedy. In effect he said that the Governor had issued a warrant for the arrest of the United States Marshal and Secretary of War Alger and that he must not and should not interfere with the prosecuting attorney in enforcing the liquor prohibition law.

Jacob Vanderbilt, Jr., Weds.

TACOMA, Wash., May 1.—Jacob Vanderbilt, Jr., was married here to Miss Carrie Vanderbilt, daughter of the late Jacob Vanderbilt, his father. The wedding was a quiet affair and was held at the home of the bride's father, Mr. Vanderbilt, in Tacoma. The bride was accompanied by her mother and sister. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. C. Breckinridge.

Your throat is weak. Any unusual exposure or quick change in temperature causes roughness and uneasiness. Sometimes you have a feeling of tightness as if some foreign body were there. You can treat it with troches and washes, but you don't reach the seat of the trouble. Throat weakness is a symptom of more general disturbance. Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil does cure weak throats by healing the inflammation and nourishing and strengthening the system.

For sale by all druggists at 10 cents and 50 cents. SCOTT & BROWN, Chemists, New York.

MRS. EULA CLAIRE POINDEXTER.

FIGURE IN IT. Disbursing Officer Glad to Recommend Paine's Celery Compound.

SEVERAL CO-RESPONDENTS.

Marshall McDonald Will Not Name the Others Until He Has Secured Positive Evidence.

A sensation of wide dimensions will be sprung through the filing by Attorney Marshall F. McDonald of a petition for divorce on behalf of his client, Mrs. Eula Claire Poindexter, against her husband, Paul E. Poindexter, formerly bookkeeper of the St. Louis National Bank of Commerce, and now Vice-President of the Keasler-Helfers Fur and Hat Co., at 617 Olive street, a well-known man about town. His alleged fondness for women is said to be the basis of the divorce proceedings.

The divorce will have some connection with another divorce recently filed, that of pretty Mrs. Anna J. Sohns of 3710 West street, against her husband, John A. Sohns, a grocer. Mrs. Sohns is one of the women in the case. Lawyer McDonald says there are others. "Who these others are he will not divulge, but those who know Poindexter and the set with which he has been identified expect the announcement of the names of the co-respondents to create the end of the talk. For some time neighbors have known that there was trouble between Mr. and Mrs. Poindexter. They thought him rather a lively married man, but imagined nothing serious until about a month ago when an express wagon drove up to the door of the Poindexter home at 310 South Grand avenue and some one drove off with two trunks and some other baggage."

Mr. Poindexter has not been seen entering or departing from his home. This naturally made the neighbors talk. They expected the announcement of an application for a divorce and have all along wondered what the petition would allege. Mr. McDonald informed a Post-Dispatch reporter Saturday that he had not yet succeeded in getting at the evidence he desired, and would not be able to present his application before the expiration of a week.

Because of the peculiar and delicate nature of the case he feels that he will have to exercise great care and caution in making the allegations the petition will contain. Mrs. Poindexter has remained in the house at 310 South Grand avenue after her husband left it a month ago, and her mother, Mrs. Beach, is with her. It is in the most fashionable quarter of the city. The reporter's ring at the door was answered by a nice-looking little woman, 25 or 26 years of age, with blonde hair, wearing a gray and black striped dress and a red ribbon. She said that Mrs. Poindexter was in the world to say. I am and must refer you to my lawyer, Mr. Marshall F. McDonald. Please state that Mrs. Poindexter has nothing to say. Has anything gotten into the newspapers about it?"

Poindexter was informed that the Post-Dispatch would be the first paper to publish the divorce proceedings. He refused to discuss the case of his client. Mrs. Poindexter. Finally he admitted that he has the case, and is busy preparing it. "What grounds will you specify?" "Abandonment and failure to provide."

"Wasn't Poindexter able to support his wife?" "Yes," came the response. "If he did not squander all his money on other women."

"Yes, one of them, particularly Mrs. Sohns, who is, according to the newspaper, about getting a divorce from her own husband."

Mr. McDonald went on to say that Mrs. Sohns and Poindexter had been on terms very friendly, to say the least, for the past year.

ALASKAN EXPLORATIONS.

Prof. Bryant Will Look Over the Mt. St. Elias Country.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1.—Prof. Henry G. Bryant of Philadelphia has had an interview with Secretary Long and explained to him the plans of his proposed expedition for the exploration of Mt. St. Elias in Alaska. His purpose is to start very early in the summer with an expedition from the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey and with the aid of several of Peary's men explore the territory in the rear of the big mountain. Secretary Long promised to furnish the party letters to Lieutenant Commander Simons, commanding the Plinta, the only ship which the Government maintains all the time in Alaskan waters, so that in an emergency the ship's people might come to the assistance of explorers.

PENSION ORDERS REVOKED.

Some New Rules of Practice of Interest to Attorneys.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Commissioner of Pensions Evans has revoked orders 206 and 229 issued by Commissioner Murphy. The first order restricted Congressional calls for information about pensions to cases within the Senator's, State or Congressman's district and provided that data as to status of a pension case shall be furnished more than once in ninety days. The pension office now proposes to answer all calls for information, but to do so in printed circulars.

The other order required all statements in support of claims to be written in the presence of the witness or from his oral statement and provided that the statements be signed by the claimant and attested by the pension office.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES.

The Government Had a Surplus for April of \$5,740,038.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1.—Comparative statement of the Government receipts and expenditures for the month of April shows that the total receipts were \$71,821,185 and the expenditures \$66,079,047, leaving a surplus for April of \$5,740,038, as compared with a deficit for the month of April, 1896, of \$1,548,000. For the last ten months a deficit is shown of \$23,165,000. During April the receipts of customs amounted to \$2,544,551 from general revenue

THE NAY DEPT.

Disbursing Officer Glad to Recommend Paine's Celery Compound.



No department at Washington just now so absorb the attention of the people as the splendidly-growing, formidable, navy. It is not to the gold-laced Annapolis graduates that the brunt of the responsible work falls, but to the able Department officials, of whom Disbursing Officer F. H. Stickney is one. A letter from him says: "Having taken Paine's celery compound for the last few weeks, I have found it a perfect spring remedy, and been much benefited by it."

Spring is the decisive time in the life of every person out of health. It is an assured fact that stubborn disorders, especially curable in the spring. This is especially true of such persistent troubles as rheumatism, neuralgia and obstinate kidney ailments. No one, sick or well, can afford to try "uncertain remedies in spring, or any other time."

The dishonesty of many self-named spring remedies becomes startlingly apparent when their results are compared with the results obtained from this accurate, scientific preparation, Paine's celery compound. The general practice among careless people of purifying the blood and toning up the nerves in the spring has tempted scores of incompetent persons, schemers and charlatans, with only a dangerous smattering of medical knowledge, to venture to concoct so-called spring remedies. In sharp contrast with these risky preparations is the one valuable spring remedy worthy the name in the estimation of competent persons and medical authorities, Paine's celery compound.

This widely praised and widely tried remedy really does make people well. It is as far removed, in the minds of judicious men and women, from all other remedies purporting to accomplish equal results, as the north is from the south. Clear-headed professional men, business men and the great body of hard working brain workers all over the country believe heartily, and with good reason, in Paine's celery compound.

Paine's celery compound gets its staunch endorsement from physicians and scientific men who were led to verify its claims because of its discoverer, the distinguished Dartmouth College professor, Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D. Nothing will pull a tired-out, nervous, "run-down" man or woman out of the quagmire of sinking health so promptly and firmly as Paine's celery compound.

Take a Good Look

At our Baby Carriages, see if they are not as beautiful and as elegant as any you've ever seen. We've a superb stock of them to suit every need and purse. OUR CREDIT PRICES

Neither shrink nor expand at the sight of cash. Your credit is good—so is ours. Write to us now, next week, anytime.

St. Louis House-Furnishing Co.
906 Franklin Avenue.

THE CEO. N. LYNCH UNDERTAKING COMPANY

Have Removed to 415 Locust St. When they have tied up a handsome funeral home for the accommodation of the friends of those dying in the city. Will furnish minister, organ, choir, pall-bearers, etc. Private morgue. Lady attendants. Union station work a specialty.

DEATHS.

BERNEY—Mrs. Mary Berney (nee Cottle), Friday, April 20, aged 72 years. Funeral from last residence, No. 1417 North Sixth street, Monday morning, May 3, at 8:30 a. m., to St. Patrick's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

BUCHANAN—Entered into rest Saturday, May 1, 1897, at 2:30 a. m. Henry R. Buchanan, beloved husband of Annie R. Buchanan, and father of William H. and Robert B. Buchanan, aged 63 years. Funeral from the residence of the family, No. 3119 North Grand avenue, Monday, May 3, at 2 p. m. Friends invited to attend without further notice.

COLGAN—On Friday, April 20, 1897, aged 67 years, Mary Colgan, relict of the late James Colgan, and mother of Nell Colgan. Funeral will take place on Sunday, May 2, at 10 a. m., from the residence of the late Mrs. Colgan, 2010 Locust street, to St. Patrick's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends please attend.

LOS ANGELES (Cal.) and Chicago (Ill.) and Cincinnati papers please copy.

COOPER—Saturday, May 2, at 4 a. m. Edward Cooper, beloved husband of Julia Cooper (nee Kearney). Funeral from family residence, 3033 Dickson street, Sunday, May 3, at 1 p. m.

CAINE—On Friday, April 30, at 11:30 p. m., Bridget Caine (nee Hastings), beloved wife of the late James Caine. Funeral from the residence of the family, No. 3119 North Grand avenue, Monday, May 3, at 2 p. m. Friends invited to attend without further notice.

M'HALE—On Friday, April 30, 1897, at 11:30 o'clock p. m., James M'Haile, beloved son of Edward H. and Annie E. M'Haile (nee Hughes). Funeral will take place Sunday, May 3, at 10 a. m., from the residence of the family, 1014 North Grand avenue, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

PLANT—On Friday, April 30, George Janney Plant, son of the late George Janney Plant, aged 14 years. Funeral services at residence of George H. Plant, 1014 North Grand avenue, Sunday, May 3, at 10 a. m. Friends invited to attend. Interment private.

SCHWENKE—On April 30, 1897, after a lingering illness, A. L. Schwewke, aged 82 years. Funeral from family residence, 1014 North Grand avenue, Sunday, May 3, at 10 a. m. Friends invited to attend.

Tried Friends Best.

Forty-three years Tutt's Pills have proven a blessing to the invalid. Are truly the sick man's friend.

A Known Fact

For bilious headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, constipation and all kindred diseases.

TUTT'S LIVER PILLS

AN ABSOLUTE CURE.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

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CHARLES H. JONES,
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Daily and Sunday—Per Week.....10 Cents
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Daily and Sunday—Per Year.....\$3.50
BY MAIL—IN ADVANCE
Daily and Sunday—Per Week.....10 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Month.....30 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Quarter.....85 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Six Months.....\$2.00
Daily and Sunday—Per Year.....\$3.50
SUNDAY—Per Month.....30 Cents
SUNDAY—Per Quarter.....85 Cents
SUNDAY—Per Six Months.....\$2.00
SUNDAY—Per Year.....\$3.50
Weekly—One Year.....\$10.00

Daily and Sunday by carrier, in towns outside of St. Louis, 10 cents a week, 30 cents a month, \$1.00 a quarter, \$2.00 a half year, \$3.50 a year. Remit by money order, draft or registered letter. Four cents charge for postage on local bank. The price of the Post-Dispatch on all railroads, boats and in all express stations outside of St. Louis will be 2 CENTS per copy daily and 5 CENTS Sunday. Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.
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AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.
HAYLINS—"To the Life."
HOPKINS—"Continued."
STANDARD—Tenderloin Company.
MUSIC HALL—Police Benefit.
HAGAN—Continued.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.
HAYLINS—"Uncle Tom's Cabin."
HAGAN—Continued.
HOPKINS—"Continued."
STANDARD—Tenderloin Company.

THE TUG OF WAR IN ILLINOIS.
As the result of an informal poll of the Illinois House it is claimed that 58 votes can certainly be relied upon against the Humphrey bills of infamy.

If this is the total, there are then 65 votes in the body upon which boodle and the corporations can rely. And 65 votes in the Illinois House is but 12 votes short of a majority in that body.

These bills can be passed, as any others of like character, by a majority of the quorum voting. If the power of money can change six votes now regarded as reliably against the bills, the bills can pass. Or if the power of money can be used to make a number of honest men sick on certain calendar days, or to make urgent private business of members coincident with days when these measures are to be considered, nobody has the right to say the people's battle is won. The margin is too narrow.

It is almost inconceivable that 65 men should be found in any representative body willing to vote away the highest rights and interests of the people who elected them. But that such is the fact the poll of the opponents of the measures leaves no further room to doubt.

Instead of inspiring the friends of the people with a false and dangerous confidence, these figures should arouse them to new zeal and increased watchfulness. The corporations are shown to be dangerously strong. All the arts of the lobby, not only in the employment of money, but in the use of devices even more vile, will be employed to break through the narrow limit dividing the minority from the majority. It is a desperate struggle. The hope of the boodlers is in the House. They have no fear of Tanner.

In such an emergency constituents owe a duty to their representatives. They should be a constant warning to them against the evil influences with which they are assailed.

THE SUGAR SITUATION.
The various dispatches from the Pacific Coast show that the sugar industry in the United States is undergoing a change. Whether or not this change will result in benefit to the consumers or to the Sugar Trust only time will show. The present situation is as follows:

The beet sugar industry in California has been built up until it produces yearly several thousand tons of sugar. In spite of reciprocity treaty with the Sandwich Islands, the beet sugar industry has paid its promoters from \$25 to \$30 per ton profit on their investment. The Sugar Trust, either with the intention of sharing in that profit, or to protect itself against Western competition, is rapidly buying up a majority of the stock in the largest California beet sugar plants.

Meanwhile a determined effort is being made to induce Congress to abrogate the reciprocity treaty with the Sandwich Islands. Petitions to Congress are being sent all over the country, handsomely printed, and evidently without regard to expense, but without anything to indicate their origin, soliciting signatures, and containing statistics and arguments against the treaty. There can be little doubt that these petitions emanate from the Sugar Trust, though purporting to be sent out in the interest of the California beet sugar concerns.

Under the circumstances, the interest of the consumer appears to lie in the maintenance of the treaty with Hawaii. That treaty is all that the consumer can rely upon to keep down somewhat the price of sugar in the United States. It is certain that, with profits of 80 per cent, the beet sugar concerns need no protection, and have no reason for advocating the abrogation of the treaty.

Instead of these petitions, voters would do well to insist on positions asking that the treaty be maintained. Whatever the Sugar Trust wants the people do not want. And it cannot be justly claimed, as is done in these petitions, that American labor under the treaty has in Hawaii. If American sugar plants are making a profit of 80 per cent, low wages of labor in such plants are simply due to the inordinate greed of the Trust and the beet sugar investors, coupled with the fact that our labor mar-

ket is suffering from too much McKinley "prosperity." The sugar industry in this country is a colossal piece of robbery. It is piracy practiced on a nation. Instead of abrogating the Hawaiian treaty, Congress owes it to the people to down this gigantic conspiracy by putting refined sugar on the free list, no matter where it comes from.

VALLINS AND THE LAW.
Attorney-General Crow is to be congratulated upon the prompt and favorable response which he returned to the request of some of the Kansas City Labor unions that he bring quo warranto proceedings to test the legality of the appointment of Pinkerton Detective Vallins as Chief of Police.

It is claimed by a number of citizens of Kansas City that Vallins is not a resident of Kansas City, that he has not lived there long enough to meet the legal requirements of citizenship, that his home was really in Chicago at the time of his appointment, and that consequently he is ineligible under the State law and under the city charter to fill any public office.

Attorney-General Crow is quite right in feeling that if there is any doubt upon this point, it should be promptly decided in the courts. If Mr. Vallins is legally ineligible to hold the office he should be ousted.

But after all, the most vital objection to the appointment of a Pinkerton detective as Chief of Police is not legal but political. Even if Vallins is legally eligible to the office, his appointment by Democratic Police Commissioners was an outrage upon the party, and his retention will result in serious damage to the party throughout the State. There is a State law against the importation of Pinkerton agents into Missouri for the uses to which they are generally put. They have been condemned in platforms adopted by State Democratic conventions. There is a very strong prejudice against them, and this prejudice they have justly earned.

Under such circumstances, the selection of the Superintendent of a Pinkerton agency to serve as Chief of the police force of a large city is absolutely without defense or justification. Whether or not Vallins is legally eligible to the office, his appointment should be canceled without delay.

POPULIST WILLIAMS DODGES.
Marion Williams of Texas, a Populist who represented that State in the St. Louis convention last year, and was a Populist Elector and member of the Texas Populist State Committee in the campaign of 1896, writes to the Post-Dispatch. The letter is in response to our offer to publish any explanation offered by any honest leader of the Middle-of-the-Road party of why the Republicans and the Middle-of-the-Roaders are working together in the effort to prevent any further fusion of Populists and Democrats.

We hope Mr. Williams' letter will receive the attention it should. Like his predecessors who have responded to our call for information, Mr. Williams assumes to answer the question by practically ignoring it. He sets out what, to his mind, constitute reasons why the Populists should act alone in future. He maintains that the interest of the Populist party can be best served by independent action. But he makes no effort to explain why, if independent action is best for the Populist party, the Republicans, in the State Legislatures they control, are passing laws to promote or compel independent Populist action by making fusion tickets illegal. That was the question Mr. Williams has not answered or attempted to answer it.

Democrats and Populists agree that the great principles they hold in common are vital to good government. They agree, also, that the party organized and controlled in opposition to these principles is the Republican party. They are, therefore, unable to understand why, if these principles can be advanced by dividing their supporters, the Republican leaders should be doing all they can to force such division. And on broad lines of policy they cannot see why those who agree in opposition to Republican party principles and policies should assist Republicans in making fusion difficult or impossible.

Mr. Williams admits that Democrats and Populists agree in the demand for the restoration of silver coinage; in opposition of the national bank money monopoly; in resistance to tariff laws which tax the many for the benefit of the few, and in the demand for better laws for the regulation and control of interstate commerce. But, says he, "If the Populists of Texas are left to a choice of voting for the nominees of the two old parties, 75 per cent of them would vote for the Republicans as the lesser evil."

In other words, the Texas Populists are represented by Mr. Williams as ready to vote against their own principles because the same principles are held by Democrats, and to support a party which opposes every one of those principles, and with which they agree in nothing and have nothing in common. This is a reflection upon the good sense and good faith of Texas Populists which they resented last year, against the advice of Mr. Williams and "Cyclone" Davis, and which we believe they can be depended upon to resent at any time.

But it fully explains why Mr. Williams does not think it necessary to explain why the Republicans and the Middle-of-the-Roaders are working together against fusion. To him such an unholy alliance seems entirely natural.

The department stores in New York have made great cuts in the prices of food. Porterhouse steaks, which cost 25 and 28 cents each at the best markets, are sold for 15 cents; rib roasts at 12 cents, instead of 20 and 25 cents; hams in bulk at 7 1/2 cents, and in slices at 10 cents a pound; fore quarter of spring lamb at 75 cents, and hind quarter at 71, which would cost at least twice as much at any ordinary meat market. Shad selling at 25 cents each at the fish markets down town, are bought for 15 cents at legitimate poultry places, are selling for 60 and 75 cents. Pork chops and

roasts, worth 15 and 18 cents a pound at the regular markets, can be bought for 10 cents. Soup meats, which sell for 12 1/2 cents a pound, can be had for 5 and 8 cents. The best sardines cost but \$1 a dozen, canned salmon the same, and canned tomatoes 50 cents a dozen. The small dealers appear to have no remedy for this condition of affairs, as the consumers are benefited greatly by such reductions in gold standard times.

The Greek royal family has had to strip its coat of arms from its carriages that the occupants may not be known, and the Crown Princess is hidden in the streets of Athens. Royalty must win great battles to survive in the present age. The defeat of Napoleon III. made the French republic of to-day.

The German manufacturers believe they can make their goods so superior to the American article that they will still be able to compete, in the face of the duty tariff. High tariff seems to be a premium on poor home goods and a stimulant to better work on the part of foreigners.

The Ohio Supreme Court has decided that holders of national bank stock must pay taxes on such stock without rebate for their indebtedness. This is another "anarchical" advance that will fill our masters with forebodings.

The rates imposed by the Dingley bill are much lower upon expensive goods than upon those used by the poor. But the election of last year was not a poor man's election. Mr. Dingley knows what he is about.

The Christian world is beginning to hope for a little something from John Bull now that he has thirty-two battle ships and cruisers in the Mediterranean, but Mr. Bull is not going to fight his own battles.

In the United States the past week there has been one less business failure than occurred in the corresponding week of last year. This is encouraging, especially as the business failures of Canada have increased.

With Mr. McKinley elected in November and business "gradually" improving in May, what became of all the confidence that was to be restored as soon as a gold standard victory should be proclaimed?

The bankers "did not look for any big shipments of gold," but it is now said that \$25,000,000 will go abroad. When the \$25,000,000 is over there may be a call for more, and also for another issue of bonds.

When he touched the button in the White House to-day, Mr. McKinley did not set life machinery of the country in motion—it was at the wheels of the Nashville Exposition.

Anargyros Simopoulo, the new Greek Minister of Finance, is ready to receive contributions from any part of the globe. A quarter from any quarter will be acceptable.

Ohio Republican papers are ridiculing Minister Angell—the new man for Turkey. He has obtained an office which perhaps should have gone to an Ohio man.

The circulation of the Post-Dispatch waits for no advance agents of prosperity. It grows of itself, and exceeds that of any other newspaper in St. Louis.

It is to be inferred from Kentucky newspaper comments that the new Senator in the Bluegrass State is a somewhat inferior quality of Clay.

Onkel Heinrich's turnfest proclamation is not countersigned by Uncle Filley, but it goes. Willkommen, Turners, willkommen to St. Ludwig.

It has just cost more than \$100,000 to teach Kentucky the lesson that United States Senators should be elected by the people.

Mr. McKinley is sending to Cuba, to get at the truth, a lawyer who neither speaks nor understands Spanish.

There are smaller statesmen in Illinois than Littler, and their chances for reelection are not getting bigger.

The Democrat who abandoned his party last year is the citizen who will "wallow in the mire of protection."

Just how many times the Illinois Senator has been to the White House is a Masonic secret.

Reflections of a Bachelor.
From the New York Press.
Some men are born great, some achieve greatness, and some have great thirsts upon them. A married man generally brags that he does the most for his country, but a bachelor knows too much to brag about anything. A woman's idea of war can always be narrowed down to the belief that one side is a brute, and she hopes it will get whipped, anyway.

Rather Late.
From the New York Journal.
Ex-Secretary Francis wants the Democrats to get together and fight Dingleyism. The gentleman from Missouri is rather late. He had an excellent opportunity to fight Dingleyism, but he was too much engrossed in liquidating his obligation to Clevelandism.

Gold for Europe.
From the Philadelphia Times.
A shipment abroad of gold in kegs doesn't make sense. Before the summer's over millions of barrels will be going to Europe.

A Whiff of Prosperity.
From the Washington Post.
The restoration of the free lunch is the first step of returning prosperity the New Yorkers have had.

Both Together.
From the Cleveland Plain Dealer.
"There is a Kentucky girl so stout that it takes two men to hug her."
"She must feel sorry that the United Press went out of business."

IN THE PUBLIC EYE.



JOHN SINGLETON MOSBY.
The celebrated ex-Confederate leader, now lying ill at Charlottesville, Va., but now thought to be out of danger.

MEN OF MARK.

The Rev. Dr. Edward McGlynn spoke at a gathering of single tax men in Boston on Tuesday evening.

Mr. Ruden, the New York millionaire, proposes to pay \$2,500 in settlement of his offer of \$10,000 reward for the recovery of the jewels stolen from his house by Turner and Dunlop, and his proposal has been accepted. Three Scotland Yard detectives get \$2,500 each.

Prof. Lawrence Brumer of the University of Michigan, has just sailed for the Argentine Republic, where he will investigate and report upon the best methods to be employed there in order to exterminate the grasshoppers, which have become a serious pest to the agriculturists of the republic.

Emperor William will shortly pay his first visit to the Court of Belgium, as he is to be the guest of King Leopold at the palace of Laeken, near Brussels, for a few days during the exhibition. His majesty has signified his intention of visiting the field Waterloo during his stay at Laeken.

The English government has decided to extend for another period of three years the term of office of Sir William Flower, the successor of Sir Richard Owen, as director of the British Museum of Natural History, in London. Sir Richard is one of the most distinguished experts of natural history now living.

Nathan Lazarus Benhomel was the first Jew to obtain the degree of bachelor of arts from a British university—Trinity College, Dublin, conferring the degree on him in 1888. His diploma, however, was issued after his death, as he had never called for it, having resided in the college all his life. It was made out at the request of the committee for the Anglo-Jewish exhibition some years ago.

WOMEN OF NOTE.

Susan Morse Perry, the grand-daughter of the late Prof. S. F. B. Morse, is sending out circulars appealing strongly for aid for Cuba. She is not a fanatical enthusiast, but she expects to work night and day in the cause.

According to P. P. Lolla Paulina, the widow of the late P. P. Lolla, she has a neck, head and waist pearls and diamonds to the value of \$1,680,000. Faustina had a ring worth \$300,000. Domitilla possessed one worth \$300,000 and Caecilia had a bracelet worth \$400,000.

The Queen of England, the Duchess of Connaught, the Princess of Wales and Albert of Prussia, the Empress and Empress Dowager of Germany, the Empress Dowager of Russia and the Queen Regent of the Netherlands all occupy the position of honor in the procession of the carriage of W. T. Stead for infringement of copyright in publishing too copious extracts from "Sir George Trevelyan" in his review of the novel, was settled by Mr. Stead's promising to submit his reviews in the future to book publishers and to withdraw from circulation his penny condensation of the novel.

Queen Victoria has astonished the visitors at Nice by her hardihood in driving in the open air in all kinds of weather. In the face of driving rains, which keep almost every one else indoors, the Queen drives about in the whole United States, and in 1900, even dream of making Grover Cleveland his candidate is inconceivable upon any theory that credits the American people with patriotism and common sense.

Mr. Cleveland has no doubt he follows. Modern civilization, even at this stage of its development, has not eradicated superstition and fetish-worship. But earnest and intelligent men do not organize parties for the mere purpose of having them destroyed, and they will not invoke the only political talent which Mr. Cleveland seems to possess in any marked degree. We think that we can await with untroubled composure the outcome of the Mugwump activity which was set in motion last Saturday night. The "Waldorf Democracy" will cut every small figure in the equation of American politics.

Cuckoos Fly the Coop.
From the Washington Post.
If Mr. Cleveland will take the trouble to peruse the comments on his speech, he will observe that several very able newspapers have retired from the cuckoo business.

Kentucky Renegades.
From the Cincinnati Enquirer.
Two gold Democrats voted for Deboe for Senator. Just like 'em.

THE SHOOGY-SHOOGY.
I do be thinking, lassie, of the old days now; your hair is tangled gold above your Irish brow; And, oh! your eyes are fairly flax no other flower so blue; Come nestle in my arms, and swing upon the shoogy-shoog.

Sweet and slow, swinging low, eyes of Irish blue; All my heart is swinging, dear, swinging here, with you; Irish eyes are like the flax, and mine are wet with dew; Thinking of the old days upon the shoogy-shoog.

When meadow larks would singing be in old Glenair; Was one sweet lass had eyes of blue and tangled gold hair; She was a wee bit girlish then, dear heart, the like of you; When we were young the braes around the shoogy-shoog.

Ah, well! the world goes up and down, and some sweet day Its shadow will swing us two where sighs will pass away; So nestle close your bonnie head, and close your eyes so true; And swing with me, and memory, upon the shoogy-shoog.

Sweet and slow, swinging low, eyes of Irish blue; All my heart is swinging, dear, swinging here, with you; Irish eyes are like the flax, and mine are wet with dew; Thinking of the old days upon the shoogy-shoog.

WINTHROP PACKARD, Minn.

MATED.
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WINTHROP PACKARD, Minn.

Mr. Robin: When we were engaged you used to hold the umbrella over me.

Mr. Robin: You forget, my dear, that we are one now.

Hanna, Bliss and Sherman.

Washington Letter in New York Journal.
They break out to-day with a further historical story of a near Bliss resignation. They say the New Yorker will return his portfolio with regrets and depart into private life at once. I don't credit the tale. It is gossip-sprouted and rootless in point of fact. Bliss will resign along with the coming of the first snow. Your uncle Hanna has certain hopes and fears of Senate sort. And to make all safe, your uncle Hanna would have Bliss hold on until November. The Ohio election may—nay, in all horrible likelihood will—go against your uncle Hanna. In his flight from the trapeze of his present Senate seat to the trapeze of a Senate re-election your uncle Hanna may miss his up and come hurtling to the earth. Bliss' place is the net which your uncle Hanna spreads below to catch him in case he falls. If he can't be Senator, your uncle Hanna will save himself with Bliss' place in the Cabinet. Your uncle Hanna is not a volcano to submit to extinguishment. He has his arrangements to be interrupted erupt during the next four years call at least for Bliss to stick until the snow blows. Then Bliss may quit so soon as ever he will.

Not only Bliss, but talk of Sherman resigning. This likewise halderdash, and has its recent upturn in the naming of Day to be next. Day arrives from the proud metropolis of Canton. He knows McKinley and he knows Sherman, and they know Day, even as a gambler is supposed to know an ace. Day is put in to aid Sherman in his labors. Of late Sherman has become deeply abstracted and meditative. No doubt he is framing policies for the conduct of difficult matters of state. And because Sherman is so much employed in onerous and absorbing speculation on the general question of the Senate, he has no time to devote to the question of his own future. What shall we do to be saved? In this or that muddle with nations, he needs Day to attend to the commoner but pressing details of the hour. Some evidence of Sherman's preoccupation had recent exhibition when Newlands of Nevada called to make a play for a consulship for which it seems a constituent was suffering. It was the day Voorhees died. Newlands and Sherman shook hands. "That was sad news," quoth Sherman with a look full of the sympathetic, yet far away. "That was very sad about Newlands' passing."

"What?" said Newlands, a bit disconcerted to be thus suddenly thrust into Summerland. "Newlands, Newlands," repeated Sherman in tones of vague official grief; "the news of Newlands' death. He was a worthy Senator."

"You mean Senator Voorhees," corrected Newlands. "No, Newlands," repeated Sherman, still vague, yet still tenacious. Newlands came away. He did not press for a consulship. Newlands said that to be thus cut down like a flower was too much for him. Nor did he think the Administration would heed a cry from the tombs in disposing of consulships. So Newlands fled sadly forth; and was dumfounded, opening his mouth further. Now, of course, we all understand how Sherman makes these mistakes touching men and things. Sherman has risen high. He is like unto a man gone aloft in a balloon. He is up among the clouds; also the planets of the firmament. Sherman is a man of great gifts. He is a man of great power. He is a man of great influence. He is a man of great wealth. He is a man of great fame. He is a man of great honor. He is a man of great respect. He is a man of great admiration. He is a man of great reverence. He is a man of great awe. He is a man of great fear. He is a man of great terror. 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EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.



Send It To-Night

To the nearest
Drug Store: That
Want Ad
For Sunday's
P.-D. Wants.

Any Drug Store in St. Louis is authorized to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for the Post-Dispatch. The Post-Dispatch has three telephones exclusively for handling this business.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

BOY—Situation wanted by a reliable boy of 17 to do office work or work of any kind where there is a chance for advancement; good references. Ad. A. 670, this office.

BLACKSMITH—Wanted, situation by blacksmith and horse-shoer; also experienced in country work. Ad. A. 669, this office.

COACHMAN—Wanted, situation by a willing, sober man; general work around private place; good references. Ad. A. 668, this office.

COACHMAN—Wanted, situation by a willing, sober man; general work around private place; good references. Ad. A. 668, this office.

CARPENTER—A carpenter would like position as foreman or otherwise; can furnish best of refs. Ad. A. 666, this office.

DRUMMER—Wanted, situation by young man familiar with machinery as drummer. Ad. A. 668, this office.

DENTIST—Wanted, position as assistant with first-class dentist; best city references. Ad. A. 665, this office.

ENGINEER—Wanted, situation by stationary engineer, would like to go to the country. Ad. A. 664, this office.

MAN—Situation wanted by middle-aged German to do general work on private place and care of horses. Ad. A. 663, this office.

MAN—Wanted, situation by middle-aged German to do general work on private place and care of horses. Ad. A. 663, this office.

MAN—Young man would position in factory or care of horses and cows. Ad. Thomas Connor, 1625 Washington av.

MAN—Situation wanted by a man in private family; understands all about horses; best city references. Ad. A. 662, this office.

POINTER—Wanted, situation by first-class colored man as porter, would like to go to the house; or as waiter. 1520 Astor av.

POINTER—Situation wanted as porter by colored young man. 724 N. 15th st.

ROOFER—Good all-around cornice slate roofer and furnace man; 18 years experience; steady, reliable, will work anywhere. Ad. A. 665, this office.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man, experienced stenographer and bookkeeper, desires position. Ad. H. 664, this office.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced young man, stenographer, desires position; best city references; salary low. Ad. D. 660, this office.

TINER—A young man would like situation as tinner, with 2 years' experience. 2700 Keokuk st.

YOUNG MAN—Intelligent young man of 19 would like to learn the drug business, wages no object. 800 N. 15th st.

YOUNG MAN—Wanted, position in factory or care of horses and cows. Ad. Thomas Connor, 1625 Washington av.

\$10.00 UP—Tutor and overcoat in order. See Ed. Sullivan Co., 8th and Olive.

\$2.50 UP—Tutor and overcoat in order. See Ed. Sullivan Co., 8th and Olive.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

BARBER—Wanted—For Saturday evening and Sunday. 5535 Easton av.

BARBER—Wanted—1700 N. Broadway.

BARBER—Wanted—1412 Market st.

BARBER—Wanted—No student. 1212 N. High st.

BARBER—Wanted—For Saturday and Sunday. 1946 Pendleton av., near Flume.

BARBER—Wanted—For Saturday and Sunday. 2417 N. 12th st.

BOY—Wanted—Bright boy; one experienced in wet plates. 2012 Locust st.

COOK—Wanted—Short-order cook; man. 1002 Olive st.

COOK—Wanted—Good cook at once. Humming Bee Restaurant, 1133 Washington av.

FREE treatment of all private, blood and renal diseases. General Dispensary, 1408 Franklin av.

HUSTLER—Wanted—For sampling, distributing, etc. See J. G. Rohrer, 1113 Chestnut st.

MEN—Wanted—To learn the barber trade and take situations in city or country. Mohr's Barber College, 821 N. 11th st.

OX BLOOD—Tans—Looks and feels like a \$5 shoe; choice of 15 top shoes, \$2.05. Harris, 44 shoe man, 520 Olive st.

PASTE-DYES—Wanted—Experienced paste-dyes. George L. Wimer, 3145 Olive st.

SALESMAN—Wanted—\$100 to \$125 per month and exp.; single line; position; your ideas; money and desirable. The Whitney Co., 2167 Chicago.

SALESMAN—Wanted—By a manufacturing company, experienced man on commission to travel in Illinois, Iowa and Missouri; must be good address. Crescent Mill Co., Bloomington, Ill.

SUPERINTENDENT—Wanted—First-class superintendent of paint manufacturing department by Mayfield Woolen Mills, Mayfield, Ky.; only thorough, capable, experienced men need apply; call at Lindell Hotel, G. O. Duncan.

WANTED—AN IDEA—Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your idea; they may bring you wealth. Write John Wedderburn, 300 E. Second St., St. Louis, Mo.

YOUNG MAN—Wanted, position in wholesale house by young man; steady and reliable; not afraid to work; references. Ad. A. 667, this office.

STOVE REPAIRS.

CASINO and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Bauer, 210 Locust st.

JONES

Commercial College, 300 N. Broadway. The Best Course, Short-hand and Typewriting, Telegraphy, English, French, Actual Business Practice and Practical Bookkeeping with Banking, thoroughly taught. Day and Night.

Business Houses, Banks, Railroads and Professional Men supplied with reliable Operators. For Catalogue or particulars call at the College office or address J. G. ROHRER, President.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

BOOKKEEPER—Position by a respectable, sensible and trustworthy lady in office, hotel or restaurant. Ad. A. V. W., 1517 Millon av.

COOK—Wanted, situation by colored cook to work; good refs. 1411 Washington av.

COOK—Wanted, situation to cook or do housework; can give best of refs. Colored Girl, 647, 907 1/2 N. 20th st.

COOK—A German widow wishes a place as cook; well experienced. H. S. 1401 N. 9th st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

COMPANION—Wanted, by young lady of education, to accompany her mother to Europe; can give good references. Ad. B. 350, Clarksville, Mo.

COMPANION—Wanted, by young lady of education, to accompany her mother to Europe; can give good references. Ad. B. 350, Clarksville, Mo.

COOK—A good, all-around cook wants place in small hotel. Ad. T. 665, this office.

DRESSMAKER—Fashionable dressmaker will go out or take sewing in at modest price; satisfaction guaranteed; tailor system used. 2838 Olive.

DRESSMAKER—A lady who sews in families; good on skirts; \$1.25 per day. Ad. C. 636, this office.

GIRL—Neat colored girl wants situation in small family. Ad. 2228 Scott av.

HOUSEGIRL—Colored girl wants housework to do for small family. 624 Beaumont st.

HOUSEGIRL—Lad wants situation as housegirl; wishes to go home at night. Ad. A. 665, this office.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted, situation by colored girl to do housework or nursing. Call or write 326 N. Montrose av.

HOUSEKEEPER—A widow aged 35 desires a position as housekeeper for widower; state salary given; no postal answers. Ad. M. B. Kessler, 1014 Olive av.

HOUSEMAID—Position wanted by neat, respectable and trustworthy girl as housemaid; experience and best references. Ad. W. W. 1517 Millon av.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted, situation by girl for general housework in small family. Ad. 2012 Lincoln av.

LAUNDRESS—First-class white laundress wants work 3 or 4 days in week or by month; refs. if required. 1514 Ware av.

LAUNDRESS—First-class laundress wants washing to take home or go out by day. Ad. Washington, 1520 Astor av.

LADY—Lad student wishes work in the morning; no objections to dining or chamber work. Ad. H. 668, this office.

NURSE—Wanted, by an experienced woman, the care of walking children; in a first-class family; no objection to the country. Ad. M. S. Wom's, 2014 Olive st.

NURSE—OR LADY'S MAID—Wanted, by an English girl 19 years of age, a position as nurse or lady's maid in the city of St. Louis. Ad. N. C. 2, 2000 Howard st.

PHOTOGRAPHER—Wanted, place with photographer; all-around help. For general information and particulars, call at 1113 Chestnut st.

STENOGRAPHER—Young lady, stenographer, owning new machine, with roller-top desk, desires permanent position; salary reasonable; best references. Ad. H. 662, this office.

STENOGRAPHER—An experienced and thoroughly competent lady stenographer desires permanent position; low salary. Ad. G. 667, this office.

STENOGRAPHER—Competent young lady stenographer desires position as stenographer; accurate, rapid and neat; thoroughly familiar with office work. Ad. D. 661, this office.

SEAMSTRESS—A seamstress wishes sewing to do; makes ladies' clothes a specialty; give me a call. Mrs. Mason, 4429 Locust st.

WOMAN—Wanted, situation by a woman for general work, city or country. Call 815 N. 21st st.

WOMAN—Wanted, situation by middle-aged woman to cook in small family; will assist in ironing. Ad. D. 669, this office.

WOMAN—A middle-aged woman wants situation as housekeeper in private family or as boarderhouse. Apply at 1211 S. 3d st.

WOMAN—Wanted, situation by colored woman for general housework in small family. 624 Beaumont st.

STOVE REPAIRS.

GAS, gasoline and cook stove repairs; gasoline stoves fixed in hour. J. Furshaw, 111 S. 12th.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

COOK—Wanted—A competent cook to go to the country. Call Monday at 1012 S. 7th st.

COOK—Wanted—First-class cook, white or colored; none other need apply. 4202 Delmar av.

GIRL—Wanted—Nice, white girl for upstairs and dining-room work. Apply at 3424 Morgan st.

GIRL—Wanted—White girl from 15 to 18 years old for light housework. 1422 Biddle st., upstairs.

GIRL—Wanted—For machine work, to sew on coats. 2124 Gravois av.

GIRLS—Wanted—Overall makers, to take work home. 915 N. 6th st. Jokers-St. Gem Mfg. Co.

GIRLS—Wanted—Girls to learn on overalls and dress coats. 915 N. 6th st. Jokers-St. Gem Mfg. Co.

GIRL—Wanted—Colored girl of 15 to wait on table; \$5 per month. 4209 Olive st.

GIRLS—Wanted—Table girls and girls to learn. Union Shoe Co., 3050 Cass av.

GIRLS—Wanted—2 apprentice girls at 3107 14th st.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted—A good girl for general housework. 4290 Cook av.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted—Good German girl for general housework. 2737 Gamble st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted—Working housekeeper; small hotel, city. Ad. W. 660, this office.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted—Girl about 14 years of age to assist in housework. 3004 S. St. Vincent av.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted—Neat, peacable colored girl for general housework; small family; references. 4318 Morgan st.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted—At once good German girl for general housework. 3321 St. Vincent av.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted—Good German girl for general housework. 4291 Park av.; refs. required.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted—A good girl for general housework. 2717 St. Vincent.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted—A girl for general housework; small family. Call immediately. 1920 Chouteau av.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted—A girl for general housework; small family; no children; good pay. 9747 Barton.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted—Girl for general housework; American family; German preferred. 3015 Locust.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted—German girl for housework; no cooking. Call today or Sunday for home. 3008 Park.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted—A good German girl for general housework; small family; good home and good pay. 1920 Cass av.

LADIES—Wanted—Several ladies of refined appearance and pleasant address to take subscription for a weekly paper in the best residence section of the city; regular salary to good, earnest workers. Apply by 10 o'clock to-morrow. Crittenton, 611 Commercial Building, 6th and Olive.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

HAT TRIMMERS—Wanted—Experienced hat trimmers. N. E. cor. Broadway and Wash. st., 3d floor.

NURSEGIRL—Wanted—A German Catholic girl of about 15 years for nursing. 3723 Finney av.

NURSEGIRL—Wanted—German girl to take care of children and help with housework; apply early; references. 4488 Forest Park bou.

WOMAN—Wanted—A white or colored woman for light housework to-day. 3652 Marfitt av.

WOMAN—Wanted—Strong woman to clean house. 1925 Park av.

WOMAN—Wanted—Good woman, middle-aged, to nurse and care for two children in West End; must be good church member and well recommended. Ad. C. 662, this office.

WRAPMAKERS—Wanted—20 experienced wrapmakers at once. 307 Lucas av.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—In each locality. If you are a hustler you can make \$10 per day. Call or address 218 Union Trust Building.

AGENTS WANTED—We have invented machine for printing signs on fences, bridges, roofs, etc.; every merchant buys. Arc Co., Racine, Wis.

AGENTS WANTED—\$15 a month and expenses paid active men who sell goods by sample; no salary; samples also furnished; call on J. A. Jobber, Box 5308, Boston, Mass.

AGENTS WANTED—Agents making \$50 per week introducing our new patent chain link erasing pencil; sells at sight; everybody wants it. Par. free; no salary; looking for profitable business; write at once to Monroe Eraser Mfg. Co., 525, 526, Cross, Wis.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER—Have small capital; with a partner with same amount to engage in the saloon or restaurant business. Ad. K. 668, this office.

PARTNER—Wanted, partner with \$1,000 to \$1,200; I will show you big money if you will work with me; do not answer unless you have the cash and mean business. Ad. F. 666, this office.

LOST AND FOUND.

BOA—Lost, box in crash at Hopkins', about 1:15 p. m. Thursday. Return to 3021 Washington av. and receive reward.

DOG—Lost, a fox terrier (sky), black with tan spots. Thursday. Reward if returned to 615A Ewing av.

DOG—Strayed, Friday afternoon, Skye terrier; had on collar with city license; short tail, clipped ears; answer to name of Rags. Liberal reward if delivered to 1818A Bacon st.

OPERA GLASSES—Pair of opera glasses, lost at entrance to Hopkins' theater, about 1:20 p. m. Friday. Return to 2416 Bacon st. and receive reward.

RING—Lost, gentleman's diamond ring, between Russell and Utah st.; liberal reward. Emil L. Cramer, 3306 S. 13th st.

UMBRELLA—Will party who took gold-headed umbrella from Crawford's on Wednesday, about 10 a. m., return same to Crawford's lost counter and receive reward? No questions asked.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

BUSINESS—For sale, cigar store; will allow \$10 per week and half profits to partner or sell out; right on account of not being able to attend to business. Brooklyn Trunk Exchange, 514 Olive st.

MERCHANDISE—For sale, general stock of merchandise; will inventory \$3,000; for cash; good trade; reason, bad health; liberal discount. C. L. Southall, Chicago, Ill.

MEAT SHOP—For sale, meat shop doing good business; cause for selling, sickness; come quick. 821 N. 12th st.

TO PRINTERS.

We are prepared to do Composition in
Agts,
Nonpareil,
Minion,
Brevier,
Small Pica,
Small Ionic,
Any Measure. Special prices given on large orders.
Address POST-DISPATCH.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.
BUSINESS—For sale, good-paying traveling, moving business; well established and equipped. Ad. C. 670, this office.

DOVEY—FAIL to attend the second grand sale of 1897, to be held at the Horse and Mule Department of the St. Louis Union Stock Yard, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., on Saturday, May 1, at 2 p. m. Send for catalogue.

HORSE—For sale, fine large saddle horse; has all the points; young, strong and sound. Wm. M. Ridge, 1725 Morgan st.

HORSES—For sale, handsome pair coach horses; city broke, young, well broken and sound. Wm. M. Ridge, 1725 Morgan st.

HORSE—For sale, a beautiful chestnut gelding; looks handsome to a trap. Wm. M. Ridge, 1725 Morgan st.

HUCKSTER'S OUTFIT—For sale, huckster's outfit; horse, harness and wagon; good condition; cheap. Call at 4116 Red Bud av. or 1315 N. Broadway.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE.

FURNITURE—For sale, furniture of 3 rooms; stoves, carpets, bedroom set, etc.; in good order; take up any inconvenience to you; call on 104 S. 11th st.

FURNITURE—Bedroom set, \$5; dresser, \$2; bed, \$10; wardrobe, \$10; stove, \$10; selling out. 1704 S. 11th st.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—For sale; cheap; gas fixtures; leaving city. 1121 Armstrong av.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

BABY—For adoption, baby boy, 4 months old. 822 North Market st., 3d floor.

FURNITURE—Wanted, furniture, stoves, carpets at salesrooms, New York Storage Co., 224 and Wash.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

EGGS—For sale, recent Plymouth Rock eggs, \$1 for 13. J. S. Martens & Co., 2341 Sullivan av.

Have money. Buy direct from the manufacturer. The Heile-Hickey Mfg. Co., 706-710 St. Charles.

MUSICAL.

COMPOSER—Wanted—I have just finished an original libretto for a comic opera; will sell outright or divide with a good composer who will write the music for it. Ad. C. 666, this office.

KIESLHORST'S 1,000 Olive st., sell and rent first-class pianos very cheap.

PIANO—\$30 buys a 7-octave piano; cost \$350; splendid condition. 1810 N. 1st St. 1820 Pine st.

PIANOS, organs, low prices; easy terms; pianos rented and tuned. The Eddy Co., 916 Olive st.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

MR. AND MRS. LUCIAE, mediums; past and future; deepest secrets revealed; 25c and 50c. 604 N. Jefferson av.

FOR RENT ROOMS, ETC.

BAILEY av., 3519—Opposite Fair Grounds—2 or 3 rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for light housekeeping.

BROADWAY, 513 S. N. E.—Clean furnished rooms for 1 or 2 guests; \$1.25, \$1.50 per week.

CASS av., 2513—A south bay-window room, furnished or unfurnished.

CLARK av., 2535—2 unfurnished rooms; bath and conveniences; nice location.

CARR ST., 1805—One furnished room; all conveniences; \$1.25 per week and up.

CHESTNUT ST., 1107—Neatly furnished rooms; very cheap.

CHESTNUT ST., 1409—Nice furnished rooms for light housekeeping; also furnished complete for light housekeeping.

CLARK av., 2134—Nice large front room, electric furnished; everything new; private family; reasonable.

EASTON av., 8500A—Nice furnished back parlor; southern exposure; reasonable.

EVANS av., 4218—3 furnished rooms; private family.

EASTON av., 8005—Nice furnished 2d story front room; gas and bath.

FRANKLIN av., 2201—Front room, furnished for light housekeeping; also front parlor and kitchen; suitable for housekeeping. Apply at 905 N. 23d st., 2d floor, Family of 2.

FRANKLIN av., 2316—Furnished front room, suitable for light housekeeping.

GARRISON av., 1838 N.—Two nicely furnished front rooms for light housekeeping.

GRAND av., 1200 E.—3 very desirable rooms, 1st floor; low rent to a good tenant. Inquire on 1st floor.

HICKORY ST., 1419—One large front room, with bath; suitable for 1 or 2 guests.

LUCAS av., 2715—Front parlor, southern exposure; freshly cleaned; new furniture; all conveniences; very cheap.

LEFFINGWELL av., 10 N.—Newly furnished front room; \$6 and \$7 per month.

MISSOURI av., 2838—3 nice rooms; conveniences; low rent—\$9.00; third floor.

MORGAN ST., 1831—Furnished rooms, new and neat; gas and light housekeeping.

MISSOURI av., 1757—Large, pleasant second-story front room; gas and bath.

OLIVE ST., 2431—Furnished front room, front or back; very reasonable.

OLIVE ST., 2838—Choice, light rooms, single or en suite, furnished or unfurnished; all conveniences; very reasonable.

OLIVE ST., 1804—Elegantly furnished large 2d-story front parlor, \$3, and 3d-story front, \$2.

PINE ST., 1125—Single room, \$1.25; housekeeping, \$1.50; 2d story; front, 4 guests.

OLIVE ST., 2838—Nice furnished front room for two gentlemen; \$1 weekly; gas and bath.

OLIVE ST., 2736—Newly furnished parlor; 1 or 2 persons; terms reasonable.

OLIVE ST., 2326—Newly furnished rooms for light housekeeping and rooms; \$1.25 per week up.

OLIVE ST., 1234—Well furnished rooms for gentlemen; single or en suite, with bath.

PINE ST., 2001—Nice, newly furnished rooms; hot baths; southern exposure. Call.

PAPIN ST., 1406—2 front connecting rooms, furnished for housekeeping; \$1.25 per week and up.

PINE ST., 1406—Newly furnished rooms for light housekeeping and rooms; \$1.25 per week and up.

PINE ST., 2026—Neatly furnished rooms and also suites of rooms for light housekeeping.

PINE ST., 2026—Levelly 2d-story front and back rooms; \$2 and \$3 per month.

ST. ANGE av., 1908—Elegantly furnished 2d-story front room and adjoining room, single or en suite, to gentlemen.

SPRING av., 716—1 room; Suburban line; \$8 per month.

THOMAS ST., 2841—Handsome furnished 2d-story front and connecting rooms, single or en suite; reasonable.

WASHINGTON av., 3615—Large furnished front room; 2 guests; \$2 per month.

WASHINGTON av., 1018—Nice furnished 2d-story front room; other rooms; prices moderate.

WASHINGTON av., 1300—Furnished front room, suitable for light housekeeping.

WASHINGTON av., 1902—Nice furnished front room; 2 guests; \$2 per month.

WASHINGTON av., 1408—2 connecting rooms and next rooms for light housekeeping.

WASHINGTON av., 1516—Front parlor and neatly furnished light housekeeping rooms.

8TH ST., 1321 S.—Neatly furnished front room and back room for rent.

12TH ST., 1308 S.—3 rooms and laundry; rent \$11.

12TH ST., 118 N.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conv.; \$1.25 per week and up.

12TH ST., 2403 N.—Nice furnished front room for one or two gentlemen; \$1.25 per week.

12TH ST., 101 S.—Nice furnished front room for light housekeeping; also hall rooms.

15TH ST., 117 S.—Front hall room, \$1 a week; other front rooms reasonable.

16TH ST., 1475 N.—Nice furnished front parlor with good furniture; \$3 per month.

ERICKSON—2008 Locust—Apartments for gentlemen, with or without private bathroom attached.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

BAILEY av., 3519—Opposite Fair Grounds—2 or 3 rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for light housekeeping.

BROADWAY, 513 S. N. E.—Clean furnished rooms for 1 or 2 guests; \$1.25, \$1.50 per week.

CASS av., 2513—A south bay-window room, furnished or unfurnished.

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CHESTNUT ST., 1107—Neatly furnished rooms; very cheap.

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MISSOURI av., 1757—Large, pleasant second-story front room; gas and bath.

OLIVE ST., 2431—Furnished front room, front or back; very reasonable.

OLIVE ST., 2838—Choice, light rooms, single or en suite, furnished or unfurnished; all conveniences; very reasonable.

OLIVE ST., 1804—Elegantly furnished large 2d-story front parlor, \$3, and 3d-story front, \$2.

PINE ST., 1125—Single room, \$1.25; housekeeping, \$1.50; 2d story; front, 4 guests.

OLIVE ST., 2838—Nice furnished front room for two gentlemen; \$1 weekly; gas and bath.

OLIVE ST., 2736—Newly furnished parlor; 1 or 2 persons; terms reasonable.

OLIVE ST., 2326—Newly furnished rooms for light housekeeping and rooms; \$1.25 per week up.

OLIVE ST., 1234—Well furnished rooms for gentlemen; single or en suite, with bath.

PINE ST., 2001—Nice, newly furnished rooms; hot baths; southern exposure. Call.

PAPIN ST., 1406—2 front connecting rooms, furnished for housekeeping; \$1.25 per week and up.

PINE ST., 1406—Newly furnished rooms for light housekeeping and rooms; \$1.25 per week and up.

PINE ST., 2026—Neatly furnished rooms and also suites of rooms for light housekeeping.

PINE ST., 2026—Levelly 2d-story front and back rooms; \$2 and \$3 per month.

ST. ANGE av., 1908—Elegantly furnished 2d-story front room and adjoining room, single or en suite, to gentlemen.

SPRING av., 716—1 room; Suburban line; \$8 per month.

THOMAS ST., 2841—Handsome furnished 2d-story front and connecting rooms, single or en suite; reasonable.

WASHINGTON av., 3615—Large furnished front room; 2 guests; \$2 per month.

WASHINGTON av., 1018—Nice furnished 2d-story front room; other rooms; prices moderate.

WASHINGTON av., 1300—Furnished front room, suitable for light housekeeping.

WASHINGTON av., 1902—Nice furnished front room; 2 guests; \$2 per month.

WASHINGTON av., 1408—2 connecting rooms and next rooms for light housekeeping.

WASHINGTON av., 1516—Front parlor and neatly furnished light housekeeping rooms.

8TH ST., 1321 S.—Neatly furnished front room and back room for rent.

12TH ST., 1308 S.—3 rooms and laundry; rent \$11.

12TH ST., 118 N.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conv.; \$1.25 per week and up.

12TH ST., 2403 N.—Nice furnished front room for one or two gentlemen; \$1.25 per week.

12TH ST., 101 S.—Nice furnished front room for light housekeeping; also hall rooms.

15TH ST., 117 S.—Front hall room, \$1 a week; other front rooms reasonable.

16TH ST., 1475 N.—Nice furnished front parlor with good furniture; \$3 per month.

ERICKSON—2008 Locust—Apartments for gentlemen, with or without private bathroom attached.

Dwellings for Rent.

COOK av., 4184—A large, water closet and bath; upstairs (with owner); small family desired.

FINNEY av., 8058—9 rooms; perfect order; low rent; good tenant. Key at 3600.

HOLLY—For rent, the 17-room house, partly furnished; gas and water; low rent; call on Mrs. H. J. H. 1221 Olive st.

PRairie av., 1224 (Page av. and 28th)—6 rooms; bath, laundry, reception hall; reduced to \$20. Hermann, Jr., 1127 Chestnut st.

FLATS FOR RENT.

RELA av., 3 rooms; elegantly decorated. Apply to J. A. Gardner, 512 St. Charles st.

COTE BRILLIANT av., 4440—Three rooms; 1st floor; laundry; newly decorated; \$12.50. Bradley & Quinette, 1113 Chestnut st.

COTE BRILLIANT av., 4530—Six large rooms; 2d floor; hot and cold water; low rent; \$22; open today. Bradley & Quinette, 1113 Chestnut st.

CHESTNUT ST., 2011—Three rooms on second floor; southern exposure; water free; rent \$10.

EADS av., 340

